# Personal SE

Arrays Pointers Strings

char message[] = "Hello" ;

message H e I I o \0

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messageHeIIo\0

Question: So what exactly *is* message?

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Answer: In C, an array name is a *constant pointer* that references the *0 element* of the array's storage.

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*Constant* means it cannot be changed (just as we can't change the constant 3).

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What is \*message?

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What is \*message?

\*message == 'H'

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What is another expression for message? message == &message[0]

What is another expression for message[4]?

char message[] = "Hello" ;



What is \*message?

\*message == 'H'

What is another expression for message?

message == &message[0]

What is another expression for message[4]?

```
message[4] == *(message + 4)
```

That's right - we can add or subtract an integer and a pointer to get a pointer to the element a certain distance from the original!

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Creates a constant string "Hello" and initializes the hi pointer to point to the 'H' (the initial character).

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```
char ch ;
p_mesg++ ;
ch = *p_mesg ;
Declares ch, advances p_mesg by one element, and sets ch to the
character p_mesg points to (in this case 'r').
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Post-increment: ch1 = \*hp then hp += 1 (ch1 == 'H' and hp == hi + 1)

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ch2 = *++hp ;
Pre-increment: hp += 1 then ch1 = *hp (hp == hi + 2 and ch2 == 'l')
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Also have pre and post decrement with --

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char ch ;
while( ch = *p++ ) {
    // process characters until end of string.
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if( *p != '\0') { // easier to read
```

```
if( !*p ) { // true if p points to a NUL character.
if( *p == '\0' ) { // easier to read
```