Introduction to eXtreme Programming (XP)

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Software Engineering Department

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Extreme Programming (XP)

- ✓ **Kent Beck – "C3 Project" – Chrysler Comprehensive Compensation system.**

- ✓ **XP Values:**
  - ***Communication***
  - ***Courage***
  - ***Feedback***
  - ***Simplicity***
  - ***Respect (2nd edition)***

- ✓ **Established the Twelve Practices**

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Four Project Variables

- ✓**Time** – duration of the project
- ✓**Quality** – the requirements for ‘correctness’
- ✓**Resources** – personnel, equipment, etc.
- ✓**Scope** – what is to be done; the features to be implemented

- ✓Pick three, any three . . .

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Original Twelve Practices (XP)

- ✓ Metaphor
- ✓ Release Planning
- ✓ Testing
- ✓ Pair Programming
- ✓ Refactoring
- ✓ Simple Design
- ✓ Collective Code Ownership
- ✓ Continuous Integration
- ✓ On-site Customer
- ✓ Small Releases
- ✓ 40-Hour Work Week
- ✓ Coding Standards

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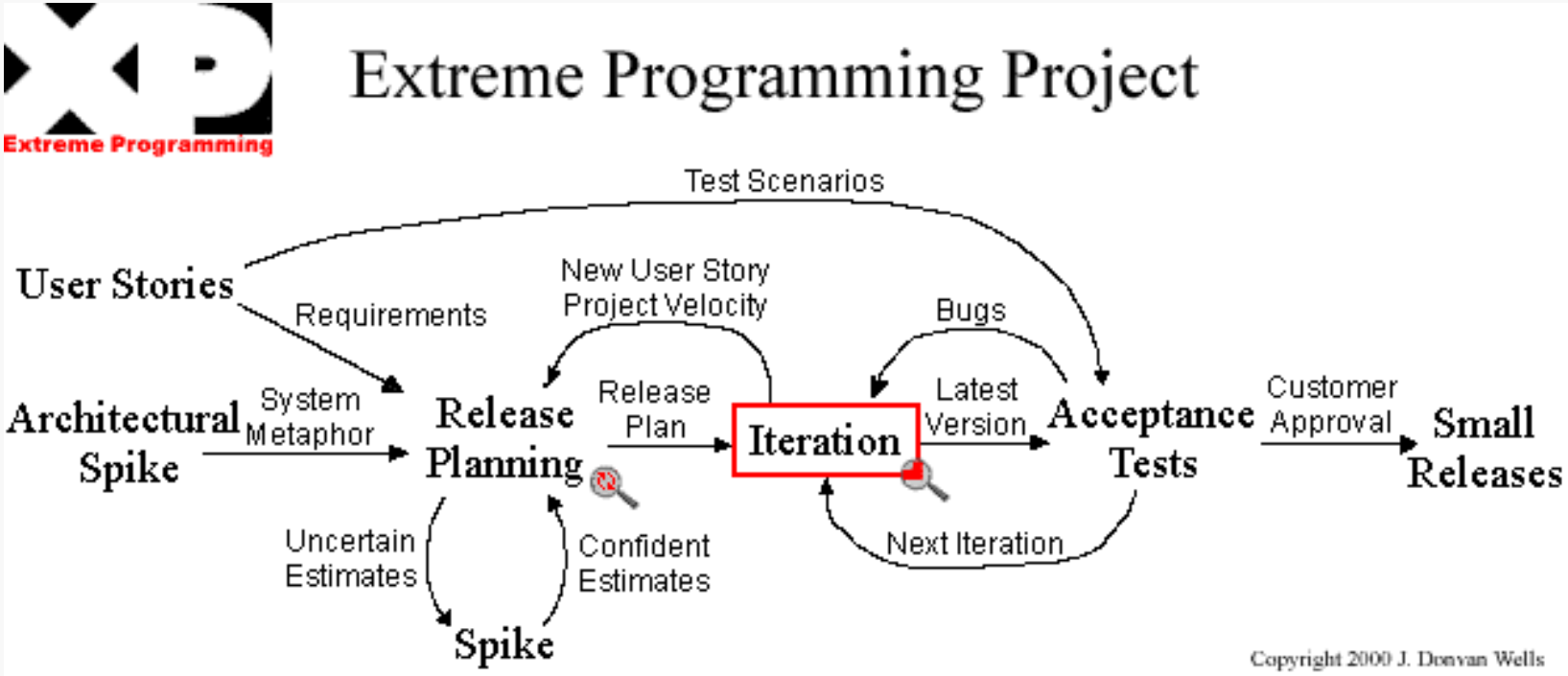
The Extreme Lifecycle



from “Extreme Programming: a gentle introduction”
http://www.extremeprogramming.org/

The 12 Practices of XP

1. Metaphor
2. Release Planning
3. Testing
4. Pair Programming
5. Refactoring
6. Simple Design
7. Collective Code Ownership
8. Continuous Integration
9. On-site Customer
10. Small Releases
11. 40-Hour Work Week
12. Coding Standards

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Metaphor

- ✓The closest XP comes to architecture
- ✓Gives the team a consistent picture of describing the system, where new parts fit, etc.
- ✓C3 payroll . . . The paycheck goes down the assembly line and pieces of information are added.
- ✓Sometimes, you just can’t come up with one

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Release Planning

- ✓ **Requirements via User Stories**
  - ➢ ***Short (index-card length) natural language description of what a customer wants (A commitment for further conversation)***
  - ➢ ***Prioritized by customer***
  - ➢ ***Resource and risk estimated by developers***
- ✓ **Via "The Planning Game"**
  - ➢ ***Highest priority, highest risk user stories included in early "time boxed" increments***
- ✓ **Play the Planning Game after each increment**

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Testing

- ✓ **Test-Driven Development (TDD)**
  - ➢ *Write tests before code*
  - ➢ *Tests are automated*
  - ➢ *Often use xUnit framework*
  - ➢ *Must run at 100% before proceeding*
  - ➢ *Great example of XP style TDD with Bob Martin:* *http://www.objectmentor.com/resources/articles/xpepisode.htm*
- ✓ **Acceptance Tests**
  - ➢ *Written with the customer*
  - ➢ *Acts as "contract"*
  - ➢ *Measure of progress*

Pair Programming

Pair-programming has been popularized by the eXtreme Programming (XP) methodology

With pair-programming:

- **Two software engineers work on one task at one computer**
- **One engineer, the driver, has control of the keyboard and mouse and creates the implementation**
- **The other engineer, the navigator, watches the driver's implementation to identify defects and participates in on-demand brainstorming**
- **The roles of driver and observer are periodically rotated between the two software engineers**

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Research Findings to Date

✓**Strong anecdotal evidence from industry**

- ***"We can produce near defect-free code in less than half the time."***

✓**Empirical Study**

- ***Pairs produced higher quality code***
  - **15% more test cases passed (difference statistically significant)**
- ***Pairs completed their tasks in about half the time***
  - **58% of elapsed time (difference not statistically significant)**
- ***Most programmers reluctantly embark on pair programming***
  - **Pairs enjoy their work more (92%)**
  - **Pairs feel more confident in their work products (96%)**

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Refactor Mercilessly

- ✓**Improve the design of existing code without changing functionality**
  - ➢***Simplify code***
  - ➢***Opportunity for abstraction***
  - ➢***Remove duplicate code***
- ✓**Relies on testing to ensure nothing breaks in the process of refactoring.**

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Simple Design

- ✓ No Big Design Up Front (BDUF)
- ✓"Do The Simplest Thing That Could Possibly Work"
  - ➢*Including documentation*
- "You Aren't Gonna Need It" (YAGNI)
- ✓CRC cards (optional)

- ✓ Technical Debt
  - *Total amount of less-than-perfect design and implementation decisions in your project*
  - *XP takes a fanatical approach to reducing technical debt via simple design and refactoring*

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Collective Code Ownership

- ✓**Code to belongs to the project, not to an individual engineer**
- ✓**As engineers develop required functionality, they may browse into *and modify* any class.**

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Continuous Integration

- ✓ Pair writes up unit test cases and code for a task (part of a user story)
- ✓ Pair unit tests code to 100%
- ✓ Pair integrates
- ✓ Pair runs ALL unit test cases to 100%
- ✓ Pair moves on to next task with clean slate and clear mind
- ✓ Should happen once or twice a day.
- ✓ Prevents IntegrationHell

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On-Site Customer

- ✓ **Customer available on site to clarify stories and to make critical business decisions.**
  - *Product managers, domain experts, interaction designers, business analysts*
  - *Ideally 2 "customers" for every three programmers*
- ✓ **Developers don't make assumptions**
- ✓ **Developers don't have to wait for decisions**
- ✓ **Face to face communication minimizes the chances of misunderstanding**

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Small Releases

- ✓**Timeboxed**
- ✓**As small as possible, but still delivering <u>business value</u>**
  - ➢***No releases to 'implement the database'***
- ✓**Get customer feedback early and often**
- ✓**Do the planning game after each iteration**
  - ➢***Do they want something different?***
  - ➢***Have their priorities changed?***

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Sustainable Pace

- ✓Kent Beck says, “ . . . fresh and eager every morning, and tired and satisfied every night”
- ✓Burning the midnight oil kills performance
- ✓Tired developers make more mistakes, which slows you down more in the long run
- ✓If you mess with people’s personal lives (by taking it over), in the long run the project will pay the consequences

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Coding

- ✓**Use Coding Conventions**
  - ➢*Considering Pair Programming, Refactor Mercilessly, and Collective Code Ownership . . . need to easily find your way around (other people's) code*

- ✓**Method Commenting**
  - ➢*Priority placed on intention-revealing code*
    - ➢**If your code needs a comment to explain it, rewrite it.**
    - ➢**If you can't explain your code with a comment, rewrite it.**

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The 13th Practice? The Stand Up Meeting

- ✓**Start day with 15-minute meeting**
  - ➢*Everyone stands up (so the meeting stays short) in circle*
  - ➢*Going around the room everyone says specifically:*
    - ➢**What they did the day before**
    - ➢**What they plan to do today**
    - ➢**Any obstacles they are experiencing**
  - ➢*Can be the way pairs are formed*

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2nd Edition of XP

- ✓ **Practices divided into "primary" and corollary"**
- ✓ **Primary practices**
  - ***Sit together***
  - ***Whole team***
  - ***Information workspace***
  - ***Energized work***
  - ***Pair Programming***
  - ***Stories***
  - ***Weekly cycle***
  - ***Quarterly cycle***
  - ***Slack***
  - ***10 minute build***
  - ***Continuous integration***
  - ***Test First Programming***
  - ***Incremental design***

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2nd Edition of XP

- ✓**Corollary Practices**
  - *Real customer involvement*
  - *Incremental deployment*
  - *Team continuity*
  - *Shrinking teams (frees people to form more teams)*
  - *Root-cause analysis (see next slide)*
  - *Shared code*
  - *Code and test (only permanent artifacts)*
  - *Single code base*
  - *Daily deployment*
  - *Negotiated scope contracts (time, cost, quality fixed)*

Root Cause Analysis

✓**Every time a defect is found, eliminate the defect *and* its cause.**

✓**XP response to a defect:**

- ***Write an automated system-level test that demonstrates the defect.***
- ***Write a unit test that also reproduces the defect***
- ***Fix the system so that the unit test passes (should also cause system test to pass)***
- ***Once the defect is resolved, figure out why the defect was created and wasn't caught.***

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XP/Scrum Cross Reference

- ✓ **Collaboration**
  - *Sit together (XP) -> Open work environment (Scrum)*
  - *Whole Team -> Scrum Team*
  - *Stand-Up Meetings -> Daily Scrum*
  - *Iteration Demo -> Sprint Review*
- ✓ **Planning**
  - *Release Planning -> Product Backlog*
  - *Iteration Planning -> Sprints*
  - *Stories -> Backlog Items*
- ✓ **In general…**
  - *XP leans towards development practices*
  - *Scrum leans towards project management practices*

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Resources

- *Agile Software Development Portal: agile.csc.ncsu.edu/*
- *Agile Alliance – www.agilealliance.com*
- *www.extremeprogramming.org/*
- *Laurie Williams – North Carolina State: collaboration.csc.ncsu.edu/laurie/index.html*
- *Extreme Programming Explained – 2nd Edition, Kent Beck*
- *Agile Development, James Shore & Shane Warden*